Department of Surgery Division of Pediatric Surgery and Vascular Surgery

Takao Ohki, *Professor and Chairperson* Yuji Kanaoka, *Associate Professor* Joji Yoshizawa, *Assistant Professor* Atsushi Ishida, Associate Professor Naoki Toya, Assistant Professor

General Summary

Pediatric Surgery

Surgery for children at Jikei University Hospital is offered by a highly trained, expert team of pediatric surgical professionals who specialize in the diseases and conditions affecting young people. Our surgeons work exclusively with infants, children and adolescents and understand their unique needs.

Vascular Surgery

Research projects of our department have focused on the development of the endovascular repair of aortic aneurysms, treatment of peripheral arterial disease with new techniques and devices including clinical trials.

Research Activities

Pediatric Surgery

1. Education

Education for medical students: The patients with pediatric surgery have congenital anomaly. The lecture of pediatric surgery for students is based on embryology.

Education for training doctors: Three objects for training doctor in pediatric surgery are 1) How to obtain a blood sample from pediatric patients, 2) Understanding about fluid therapy for pediatric patients, 3) Learning the way of buried suture.

Education for surgical residents: They are able to operate as operator or assistant for pediatric surgery.

2. Clinical study

Minimally invasive and scarless surgeries. That's how we make our mark.

1) Endoscopic treatment for vesicoureteral reflux using Deflux®

There are three options for managing or treating vesicoureteral reflux. We select the endoscopic treatment with Deflux. We have treated three cases, two cases were treated completely.

2) Laparoscopic percutaneous extraperitoneal closure for inguinal hernia: learning curve for attending surgeons and residents

Laparoscopic percutaneous extraperitoneal closure (LPEC) for pediatric inguinal hernia is a simple technique in which a purse-string suture made of nonabsorbable material is placed extraperitoneally around the hernia orifice by a special suture needle (LapaherclosureTM). Concerns have been raised about the extensive learning curve for both attending

surgeons and residents to master this technique. This study assesses the difference in learning curves for the safe performance of LPEC by attending surgeons and residents.

3) The Nuss procedure also aims to force the sternum forward and hold it there with an implanted steel bar, but without making a big incision to resect the abnormal cartilage. In this procedure, the curved steel bar is placed under the sternum through two small incisions on the sides of the chest. No. 3 in JAPAN; The number of surgical patients with pectus excabatum is the best three in JAPAN.

3. Basic study

1) MicroRNAs transported by exosomes in body fluids as mediators of intercellular communication in human neuroblastoma. Cancer-cell communication is an important and complex process, achieved through a diversity of mechanisms that allows tumor cells to mold and influence their environment. In recent years, evidence has accumulated indicating that cells communicate via the release and delivery of microRNAs (miRNAs) packed into tumor-released (TR) exosomes. Understanding the role and mode of action of miRNAs from TR exosomes is of paramount importance in the field of cancer biomarker discovery and for the development of new biomedical applications for cancer therapeutics. (Shinsuke Ohashi, Shuichi Ashizuka, Jyoji Yoshizawa, Masashi Kurobe, Takao Ohki. A New Index for additional superior bar in Precuts Excavatum's Nuss Procedure. The 47th Annual Meeting of the Pacific Association of Pediatric Surgeons. Banff, Canada. 2014, May.)

Vascular Surgery

1. Development of endovascular repair of thoracoabdominal aneurysms

Although stent grafts for the treatment of abdominal aortic aneurysms (AAAs) have been developed and are commercially available, no such stent grafts are available for the treatment of thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysms (TAAAs) in Japan. The surgical death rate following open surgery for the treatment of AAAs is satisfactory, but that for the treatment of TAAAs remains unacceptably high at 15% to 20%, and further improvement is desperately needed. Because a TAAA involves 1 or more visceral arteries, visceral perfusion must be maintained while the aneurysm is excluded with stent grafts. We have used a custom-made t-Branch stent graft in combination with covered stents (for visceral reconstruction) for the treatment of TAAAs that were considered inoperable because of comorbid conditions or a hostile thorax/abdomen after an approval of IRB. Although stent graft repair for TAAAs requires long operative and fluoroscopic time, this treatment is feasible and safe.

2. Development of endovascular repair of aortic arch aneurysms: Retrograde in-situ branched surgery; Branched Thoracic Arch stent grafts

We have developed a new minimally invasive operation for aortic arch aneurysms. After carotid-carotid bypass surgery if needed is performed and stent grafts are placed, a needle is used to prick the stent graft thorough one side of a carotid artery, after which a covered stent is inserted as a branch and deployed into the stent graft (in an in-situ retrograde fashion). We have examined this retrograde in-situ branched surgery in an in-vitro study and have applied it clinically. This operation is expected to be a less invasive surgery for aortic arch aneurysms. We also use Branched Thoracic Arch stent grafts those are com-

mercially available in Europe for endovascular repair of aortic arch aneurysms after an approval of IRB.

3. Research on drug-eluting stent in the superficial femoral artery

The Zilver PTX drug-eluting peripheral stent (Cook Medical, Bloomington, IN, USA) is specifically designed and approved to treat peripheral arterial disease affecting the superficial femoral artery, the main vessel of the thigh. The Zilver PTX is a self-expanding stent made of nitinol, a space-age "shape memory" metal that offers unique mechanical advantages for a stent in the superficial femoral artery.

Both a global registry and a randomized controlled trial, in which most patients were enrolled in the United States, but also in Germany and Japan. We participated in this trial. After reviewing its 1-year primary endpoint, the Zilver PTX received approval from the Japanese Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency in January 2012 and is now commercially available in Japan.

Publications

Ohki T, Kichikawa K, Yokoi H, Uematsu M, Yamaoka T, Maeda K, Kanaoka Y. Outcomes of the Japanese multicenter Viabahn trial of endovascular stent grafting for superficial femoral artery lesions. J Vasc Surg. 2017; 66: 130-42.e1.

Ohta H, Ohki T, Kanaoka Y, Koizumi M, Okano HJ. Pitfalls of invasive blood pressure monitoring using the caudal ventral artery in rats. *Sci Rep.* 2017; **7:** 41907.

Maeda K, Ohki T, Kanaoka Y, Baba T, Kaneko K, Shukuzawa K. Comparison between open and endovascular repair for the treatment of juxtarenal abodominal aortic aneurysms: a single center experience with midterm results. Ann Vasc Surg. 2017; 41: 96-104.

Maeda K, Ohki T, Kanaoka Y, Baba T, Tezuka M, Nakagawa H. Concomitant coil embolization for gutter leak during endovascular aortic repair with the snorkel technique. Ann Vasc Surg. 2017; 45: 265.e13-265.e16.

Baba T, Ohki T, Kanaoka Y, Maeda K, Ohta H, Fukushima S, Toya N, Hara M. Clinical outcomes of spinal cord ischemia after fenestrated and branched stent grafting during total endovascular aortic repair for thoracoabdominal aortic aneurysms. Ann Vasc Surg. 2017; 44: 146-57.

Baba T, Ohki T, Kanaoka Y, Maeda K, Kaneko K, Hara M, Shukuzawa K, Fukushima S. Utility of the Ginza forceps for superficial phlebectomy during endovenous laser ablation of the great saphenous vein. Surg Today. 2017; 47: 1384-90.

Ito E, Yoshida M, Suzuki N, Imakita T, Tsutsui N, Ohdaira H, Kitajima M, Suzuki Y. Prophylactic retention suture at high risk for surgical site infection: A retrospective cohort study. J Surg Res. 2018; 221: 58-63.

Ito E, Toya N, Fukushima S, Murakami Y, Akiba T, Ohki T. Aneurysm Wall Enhancement Detected by Contrast Computed Tomography Scan Is Associated With Aneurysm Shrinkage

After Endovascular Aneurysm Repair for Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm. *Circ J.* 2018; **82:** 340-5.

Ogawa Y, Yokoi H, Ohki T, Kichikawa K, Nakamura M, Komori K, Nanto S, O'Leary EE, Lottes AE, Saunders AT, Dake MD. Impact of Chronic Renal Failure on Safety and Effectiveness of Paclitaxel-Eluting Stents for Femoropopliteal Artery Disease: Subgroup Analysis from Zilver PTX Post-Market Surveillance Study in Japan. Cardiovasc Intervent Radiol. 2017; 40: 1669-77.

Nishie R, Toya N, Fukushima S, Ito E, Murakami Y, Akiba T, Ohki T. Prophylactic accessory renal artery coil embolization for prevention of type II endoleak following endovascular aneurysm repair: a case report. Surg Case Rep. 2017; 3: 58.

Parodi J^{1,2}, Bates MC³, Ohki T, Schönholz C⁴ ('Univ Buenos Aires, Argentina, ²Univ Michigan, ³CAMC Health Education and Research Institute and Vascular Center of Excellence, Charleston, WV, USA, ⁴Med Univ South Carolina, Charleston, SC, USA). History of Proximal Carotid Protection and Flow Reversal. *J Endovasc Ther.* 2017; **24:** 271-4.

Matsumoto A, Kanaoka Y, Baba T, Takizawa R, Hara M, Maeda K, Nishikawa K, Suzuki Y, Yanaga K, Ohki T. Result of Thoracic Endovascular Aortic Repair for Patients with Esophageal Cancer. World J Surg. 2018; 42: 1551-8.

Kanamori D, Ashizuka S, Yoshizawa J, Hiramatsu T, Uchida G, Omori M, Kanaoka Y, Asano H, Ohki T. A case of endovascular treatment for hemothorax via contralateral internal thoracic artery branch after Nuss procedure. J Pediatr Surg Case Rep. 2017; 17: 31–3.

Tanaka K, Misawa T, Haruki K, Saito R, Gocho T, Akiba T. Enucleation of solid pseudopapillary tumor with a preoperative nasopancreatic drainage stent in a child. Asian J Endosc Surg. 2017; 10: 438–41.

Reviews and Books

Sumi M. Performance of Aorfix with IntelliFlex LP delivery system in challenging anatomy. Case Report. *Vascular News Educational Supplement*. September 2017. 5-6.

Shukuzawa K, Toya N, Momokawa Y, Fukushima S, Akiba T, Ohki T. Pulmonary Embolism due to Inferior Vena Cava Compression by a Retroperitoneal Hematoma after Endovascular Repair of a Ruptured Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm. *Case Rep Vasc Med.* 2017: **2017**: 8172549.

Rep Vasc Med. 2017; **2017**: 8172549.

Murakami Y, Toya N, Fukushima S, Ito E,
Akiba T, Ohki T. Ascending aorta-common
hepatic artery bypass for mesenteric revascularization. Int J Surg Case Rep. 2017; **32**: 51-3.