Department of Internal Medicine Division of Kidney and Hypertension

Tatsuo Hosoya, Professor Iwao Ohno, Associate Professor Kimiyoshi Ichida, Lecturer Keitaro Yokoyama, Lecturer Makoto Ogura, Lecturer Yoichi Miyazaki, Lecturer Tetsuya Kawamura, Associate Professor Goro Tokudome, Associate Professor Yasunori Utsunomiya, Lecturer Yasuhiro Yamamoto, Lecturer Masato Ikeda, Lecturer Kazushige Hanaoka, Lecturer

General Summary

Major fields of research are 1) nephrology, 2) hypertension, and 3) uric acid metabolism. Published achievements and recent reports are summarized here.

Research Activities

Nephrology

1. Glomerulonephritis

The serum level of granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (G-CSF) might be a useful biomarker for predicting the course of diabetic nephropathy, and G-CSF might show antiapoptotic effects on renal vascular cells through the G-CSF receptor.

Glomerular density in renal biopsy specimens might be used as a long-term prognostic indicator in of IgA nephropathy. We reported the generation of a stem-cell-derived organoid that could produce erythropoietin and was sensitive to regulation by anemia, indicating a function in erythropoiesis. Podocyte-derived bone morphogenic protein 4 might act as a paracrine factor on the precursor cells of the glomerular capillary tuft, thereby regulating morphogenesis of the glomerulus.

2. Dialysis

We compared clinical features in the management of renal osteodystrophy between Japan and the United States. The clinical effectiveness of percutaneous injection therapy with ethanol and active vitamin D was verified for secondary hyperparathyroidism. We revealed that the function of L-type Ca²+ channels of cultured parathyroid cells depends on the extracellular Ca²+ concentration. We assessed the clinical value of combined therapy with peritoneal dialysis and hemodialysis; we found that combined therapy is a useful way to control body fluids and, moreover, that peritoneal function may be maintained long term. We studied the safety and efficacy of combination therapy with diltiazem and tacrorimus-based immunosuppressive treatment to maintain optimal serum tacrorimus concentrations in patients with poor bioavailability after renal transplantation. In transplant glomerulopathy, glomerular expression of plasmalemmal vesicle-associated protein-1 is positively correlated with the severity of transplant glomerulopathy and proteinuria. We are investigating the mechanism of cyst formation in polycystic kidney disease by using cells derived from the PKD knockout mouse.

Hypertension

The T-type Ca²⁺ channel blocker is a promising agent for the treatment of hypertension in chronic kidney disease. Candesartan is specifically indicated for patients with chronic kidney disease who require a more intensive treatment to prevent cardiovascular complications. Carotid-femoral pulse wave velocity, urinary albumin excretion, and brain natriuretic peptide were related to each other as predictors of and risk factors for cardiovascular diseases in patients with hypertension.

Uric acid metabolism

Renal function deteriorates more quickly in patients with gouty kidney than in patients with nongouty kidney. Allopurinol was mainly used to treat hyperuricemia in airline cockpit crew; however, the control of hyperuricemia was not sufficient, due, in part, to the complex procedure for changing prescriptions. The high incidence of renal hypouricemia in Japanese reflects the high incidence of the G774A mutation of URAT1 genes.

Publications

Ichida K, Aydin IH¹, Hosoyamada M², Kalkanoglu HS¹, Dursun A¹, Ohno I, Coskun T¹, Tokatli A¹ (¹Hacettepe Univ), Shibasaki T² (²Kyoritsu Coll Pharm), Hosoya T. A Turkish case with molybdenum cofactor deficiency. Nucleos Nucleot Nucl 2006; 25: 1087–91.

lida R, Otsuka Y, Matsumoto K, Kuriyama S, Hosoya T. Pseudoaldosteronism due to the concurrent use of two herbal medicines containing glycyrrhizin: interaction of glycyrrhizin with angiotensin-converting inhibitor. *Clin Exp Ne-phrol* 2006; **10:** 131–5.

Ishii T, Kawamura T, Tsuboi N, Ogura M, U-tsunomiya Y, Hosoya T. Prospective trial of combined therapy with heparin/warfarin and Renin-Angiotensin system inhibitors in progressive IgA nephropathy. Contrib Nephrol 2007; 157: 114-9.

Kuriyama S, Otsuka Y, Iida R, Matsumoto K, Hosoya T. Morning blood pressure predicts erythropoietin-induced hypertension inpatients with chronic renal diseases. Clin Exp Nephrol 2007; 11: 66-70.

Kuriyama S, Otsuka Y, Uetake D, Shirai I, Hosoya T. Regression of cardiac hypertrophy using angiotensin II receptor blocker in patients with chronic kidney diseases (in Japanese). Jpn J Nephrol 2006; 48: 724-30.

Miura Y, Asai A, Matsushima M, Nagata S, Onishi M, Shimbo T, Hosoya T, Fukuhara S. Families' and physicians' predictions of dialysis patients' preference regarding life-sustaining treatments in Japan. Am J Kidney Dis 2006; 47: 122–30.

Nakayama M, Ishii A¹ (¹Kashima Hosp), Takeguchi F (Tokyo Med Univ), Nakano H. Efficacy of additional low-dose carvedilol in maintenance hemodialysis patients with asymptomatic left ventricular systolic dysfunction. *J Cardiol* 2006;

47: 285-91.

Terawaki H, Matsuyama Y¹, Era S¹ (¹Gifu Univ), Matsuo N, Ikeda M, Ogura M, Yokoyama K, Yamamoto H, Hosoya T, Nakayama M. Elevated oxidative stress measured as albumin redox state in continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis patients correlates with small uraemic solutes. Nephrol Dial Transplant 2007; 22: 968.

Terawaki H, Nakayama K, Matsuyama Y¹, Nakayama M, Sato T², Hosoya T, Era S¹ (¹Gifu Univ), Ito S² (²Tohoku Univ). Dialyzable uremic solutes contribute to enhanced oxidation of serum albumin in regular hemodialysis patients. *Blood Purificat* 2007; **25**: 274-9.

Yamaguchi Y, Matsumura T¹, Ichida K, Okamoto K¹, Nishino T¹ (¹Dept Biochem Mol Biol). Human xanthine oxidase changes its substrate specificity to aldehyde oxidase type upon mutation of amino acid residues in the active site: residues in binding and activation of purine substrate. *J Biochem* 2007; **141:** 513–24.

Yamamoto I, Horita S, Tanabe K, Yamaguchi Y. Granulomatous tubulointerstitial nephritis in early renal allograft: a case report. Clin Transplant 2007; 21(suppl 16): 23-6.

Yamamoto İ, Yamaguchi Y, Yamamoto H, Hosoya T, Horita S, Tanabe K, Fuchinoue S, Teraoka S, Toma H. A pathological analysis of lymphatic vessels in early renal allograft. Transplant P 2006; **38**: 3300–3.

Yamamoto I, Yamamoto H, Ichida K, Mitome J, Tanno Y, Katoh N, Yokoyama K, Hosoya T. Successful living-related kidney transplantation in hereditary renal hypouricaemia. Nephrol Dial Transplant 2006; 21: 2041.

Yamamoto I, Yamamoto H, Mitome J, Tanno Y, Utsunomiya Y, Miyazaki Y, Yamaguchi Y, Hosoya **7.** Secondary focal segmental glomerulosclerosis following kidney transplantation in a patient with diabetes mellitus. *Clin Transplant* 2006; **20(Suppl 15):** 7–10.

Yokoo T, Fukui A, Ohashi T, Miyazaki Y, Utsunomiya Y, Kawamura T, Hosoya T, Okabe M, Kobayashi E. Xenobiotic kidney organogenesis from human mesenchymal stem cells using a growing rodent embryo. J Am Soc Nephrol 2006; 17: 1026-34.

Yokoyama K, Katoh N, Kasai K, Kubo H, Murai S, Shoji R, Imamura N, Saika S, Yumita S, Ishida M, Takasu S, Kono T, Yoshida Y, Wakabayashi T, Kimua Y, Hosoya T. The influences of method of calcium correction and the timing of blood collection on application of the K/DOQI Clinical Practice Guidelines for Bone Metabolism and Disease in Japan. Ther Apher Dial 2006; 10: 257-61.

Yokoyama K, Yoshida H, Kato J, lida R, Kawamura Y, Yamamoto H, Hosoya T. The low-calcium concentration of dialysate induced markedly an increase of serum parathyroid hormone in a continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis patient. Kidney Int 2007; 71: 594.

Yoshida H, Yokoyama K, Maruyama Y, Yamamoto R, Hanaoka K, Ikeda M, Yamamoto H, Hosoya T, Munakata K (Guy's, King's St. Thomas' Sch Med). Superior dialytic clearance of β2 microglobulin and p-cresol by high-flux hemodialysis as

compared to peritoneal dialysis. *Kidney Int* 2007; **71:** 467-8.

Yoshida H, Yokoyama K, Maruyama Y, Yamamoto H, Hosoya T. Investigation of coronary artery calcification and stenosis by coronary angiography (CAG) in hemodialysis patients. *Nephrol Dial Transplant* 2006; **21:** 1451–2.

Reviews and Books

Ichida K, Hosoya T. Hypouricemia (in Japanese). J Jpn Soc Int Med 2006; 95: 894-

Kawaguchi Y. Peritoneal dialysis in Japan. *Periton Dial Int* 2006; **26:** 133–55.

Kawamura T. Correlation between renal histological activity assessment and clinical information in IgA nephropathy (in Japanese). *Igaku no Ayumi* 2006; **219:** 571–5.

Yamamoto H. The treatment of renal osteopathy: importance of prophylaxis from the predialysis period (in Japanese). *J Jpn Soc Dial Ther* 2007; **40:** 40-2.

Yokoyama K. Renal disease from the point of pathophysiology (in Japanese). In: Yokoyama K, editor. Tokyo: Igakukyouiku Shuppansha; 2006. p. 1–172.